



For the Proprietor  
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH  
For and on behalf of  
SOUTH CHINA NEWS POST LTD.

# The Hongkong Telegraph

Today's Weather: Moderate NNE winds. Cloudy.  
Noon Observations: Barometric pressure, 1022.1 mbs.  
80.1 in. Temperature, 48 deg. F. Dew point, 38 deg. F. Relative humidity, 85%. Wind direction, calm. Wind force, 0 knot.  
Low water: 3 ft. 5 in. at 2.23 p.m. High water: 7 ft. 6 in. at 9.15 p.m.

Dine  
At the

P. G.

For  
Reservations

Tel: 27880

VOL. V NO. 40

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1950.

Price 20 Cents

## MACAO LOANS: MOVE BY

### Mao Sells Manchuria, Sinkiang

Lake Success, Feb. 15.—Nationalist China's leading spokesman in the United Nations charged today that the Chinese Communists have "sold" Manchuria and Sinkiang to Russia through secret agreements in the Moscow Peking treaty which provide for the establishment of joint Sino-Soviet companies in those key provinces.

Dr. T. F. Tsiang, chief of the Nationalist delegation to the United Nations, said that secret agreements in the treaty between the Russians and the Chinese Communists provide for the setting up of joint Sino-Soviet companies in Manchuria and Sinkiang.

Dr. Tsiang said the Communist leader, Mao Tse-tung, "has sold these great key areas of China to Moscow." In published versions of the treaty, concluded by Mao and his Foreign Minister, Chou En-lai, after protracted conversations with the Kremlin, there is no mention of any development programme for the great northern areas of Sinkiang and Manchuria. There were two of the provinces mentioned recently by the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, who charged that Russia planned to take them over together with Inner and Outer Mongolia.

Dr. Tsiang said, "The agreement on economic aid calls for a credit of \$300,000,000 to be spent in five years. The average annual credit of \$60,000,000 is not enough to take care of rehabilitation and maintenance. The agreement does not provide for development. That is provided for in secret agreements covering Manchuria and Sinkiang. In these secret agreements, joint Sino-Soviet companies are to be set up. The world will learn the truth about the agreement between Mao Tse-tung and Mao when they appear on the scene of Manchuria and Sinkiang."

### Acheson Not To Resign

Washington, Feb. 15.—Mr. Dean Acheson, the U.S. Secretary of State, today denied that he contemplates resigning his post.

A report from Bangkok that the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, would resign within eight weeks was described as "rumor" by a State Department spokesman today.

The spokesman, Mr. Michael McDermott, said: "The report is sheer nonsense. It has no foundation at all."

The report also stated that Dr. Philip Jessup, Ambassador to the Soviet Union, was expected to succeed Mr. Acheson. Mr. McDermott pointed out it had been announced some time ago that Dr. Jessup would resign his post and return to his teaching job at Columbia University after he had completed his fact-finding tour of the Far East.

### Survivors Of Air Crash Rescued

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—The survivors of a B-10 bomber missing since Monday night were found on Wednesday after a widespread search which had already taken the lives of eight men.

The fishing boat Cape Perry, which had picked up three men on the coast of the West Coast, reported that the survivors were seen standing on the beach of the island of Santa Cruz, near the mouth of the San Pedro River.

The survivors were seen standing on the beach of the island of Santa Cruz, near the mouth of the San Pedro River. The survivors were seen standing on the beach of the island of Santa Cruz, near the mouth of the San Pedro River.

## LEG. CO. MEMBERS

### Unofficials To Submit Resolution

A resolution requesting Government to "write off" the war-time loans made by the British Consulate in Macao to British refugees is to be presented by the Unofficials at next week's Legislative Council meeting.

It is doubtful, however, whether Government will be able to accept the motion in the terms proposed insofar as the debts were contracted, not with the Hongkong Government, but with the Foreign Office.

It is felt that Government will indicate its willingness to present the views of the Unofficials on the subject to the Imperial Legislative Council.

Mr. Maclean, who proposed the resolution, which will be presented to the Legislative Council, recently appeared before the Legislative Council.

Other Unofficials are expected to speak to the resolution and it is possible that a reply will be made on behalf of Government by the Financial Secretary.

Recently Government circulars issued Hongkong citizens who took refuge in Macao during the Japanese occupation where they received financial aid through the British Consulate and the loans incurred during that period had to be repaid.

Although the total amount has not been officially disclosed, it is believed to be several millions of dollars.

The bills were originally sent to the debtors which carried a warning that the amount was due and that it was to be repaid.

A thought Government has decided to write off the debts, it is believed that the Government will not accept the resolution.

A thought Government has decided to write off the debts, it is believed that the Government will not accept the resolution.

It is felt that Government will indicate its willingness to present the views of the Unofficials on the subject to the Imperial Legislative Council.

### CITY STORE ROBBERY

#### Thief Makes A \$20,000 Haul

A thief who broke into the Luen Chest, at 3, Chater Road, in the early hours of this morning, carried the safe from the ground floor up to the mezzanine, forced it open and stole between \$10,000 and \$15,000 worth of jewellery. On his way out, he picked up some dresses and other clothing worth several thousand dollars, making a haul estimated at \$20,000.

The shop was closed some time between 1.30 am and 4.00 am. When Mr. N. R. Barker, brother and owner of the Luen Chest, passed the shop with some friends soon after one this morning, everything was in order.

At 3.30 a police officer passed the shop and reported that the lock had been forced.

DEPTS RANSACKED

Mr. J. Parker, manager of the shop, told a Telegraph reporter this morning that every department in the Luen Chest had been ransacked. The thief took his time, he said. "He put all the lights on and carefully sorted out what he wanted."

A safe which was kept on the ground floor was found on the mezzanine. Apparently the thief had carried it up the stairs to a place where he could more conveniently sort out the silver, gold, diamonds and other small jewellery.

"We found a small pile of articles by the side of the safe. These were presumably things which the thief did not want."

Among the "discarded" articles were two cheques made out to the Luen Chest.

From downstairs the thief took dresses and underwear. Mrs. Barker and her staff were busy this morning assessing the value of these clothes. It is thought to run into several thousand dollars.

### Explosion In Restaurant

Portland, Feb. 15.—Eight or ten people are believed to have been buried in debris by an explosion in a restaurant here.

The entire interior of the building was blown out.

Five of the people were rescued, including one of the restaurant's owners, Ben Hawkins, a former sheriff of the county.—Associated Press.

### Expects Lab. To Lose Some Seats

Murton, Feb. 15.—Britain's War Minister Emanuel Shinwell said the Labour government's majority in the House of Commons may be cut in half in the February 23 election.

In 1945, the Labour Party won 394 of the 610 seats in Commons, a majority of 148 over all other parties.

"Many of our people tell me we can repeat the victory of 1945," Shinwell told a political meeting here last night. "I do not believe that can be done. We are bound to lose some seats."

"On the other hand, there is reason to believe we shall gain some. I think there is a possible 70 to 90 majority." — Associated Press.

### Huge Trade Pact With China Said In Making

London, Feb. 15.—Poland, Czechoslovakia and Finland were reported on Wednesday to be forging in concert with Russia a multi-million dollar trade pact with Communist China.

Delegates from the three countries have been in Moscow during the lengthy Chinese Russian talks which culminated on Tuesday in the signing of a new Sino-Russian treaty.

The effect of such an agreement, which would be an underwriting of the new Communist Chinese Government, would be to bring about a new Sino-Russian treaty.

Experts have not been mentioned to the treaty, but they are expected to be so.

The pact would serve as a tremendous stimulus to China's programme for reconstruction.

### Chinese New Year Publications

Owing to the Chinese New Year holidays, there will be no publication of the Hongkong Telegraph tomorrow.

The usual edition, with the customary magazine features, and special articles will appear on Saturday.

The S. C. M. Post will publish tomorrow, but will not reappear again until Monday morning next.

and eventual industrialization. Through it, China would get the machinery, steel and tools needed to convert her present predominantly agricultural economy into an industrial one.

### RECIPROCAL PROFIT

The Eastern European nations would also profit through access to China's vast stores of raw materials and natural resources such as coal, iron and tungsten.

The exchange of treaty goods would be carried out over the Russian Communications system, thus eliminating the costly and slow water routes to the Far East.

Taken in combination with Russia's concessions to China in Manchuria, the projected pact may well eliminate the United States as a necessary factor in the future development of China.

It might well put China's Communist leaders in a position to thumb their nose economically at both Britain and the U.S. diplomatically, and this could result in an even greater coolness by Peking towards the West.—Associated Press.

## Fertilisers The Greatest Need Of N.T. Farmers

### HOW GOVT. IS DEALING WITH PROBLEM

How the crying need by New Territories farmers for fertilisers is being met was described by Mr T. G. Strangeways, Senior Agricultural Officer, yesterday.

He said that the extreme urgency of the matter had prompted the authorities on December 15 to permit the distribution of raw night soil by a contractor at Tsun Wan. About 1,000 piculs a day were being issued and this was almost sufficient to meet the farmers' needs. However, it was a temporary measure as the Medical Department had decided to clamp down on the practice on April 15.

It is understood that the Medical Department is apprehensive regarding the outbreak of cholera during the summer months through the eating of uncooked vegetables grown with the aid of human excreta.

As an offset to official opinion it might be well to interpose the opinion of a New Territories farmer on the subject. He said yesterday: "The practice of using night soil in the cultivation of vegetables is not a new one. It has been used for centuries by Chinese farmers and it has never been proved that it has been responsible for the spreading of cholera or any other disease. The Chinese always had vegetables before serving them. If the danger exists here about vegetables imported from China, are they not grown with the use of night soil?"

The Agricultural Department is taking steps to counteract the harm on one of the principal necessities of the market gardeners. In 1926, Dr. Chittenden carried out a series of laboratory tests to prove that night soil could be rendered disease free by the use of gypsum, or sulphate of ammonia. Gypsum is a mineral commonly known as plaster of Paris. Both substances will destroy the eggs of internal parasites such as helminths, but until now they have not been used in practical experiments on a large scale.

The Agricultural Department hopes to convince the medical authorities by submitting samples of night soil after treatment with gypsum, and by phoning germs are destroyed by leaving the night soil to mature for two or three weeks in specially constructed tanks.

If the department's experiments are successful, it is intended to expand on the tank system. At present there are only six tanks in use in the New Territories with a capacity of 120 tons. The daily needs of the farmers are 1,000 to 1,500 piculs, according to the season. About three times the present storage will be required if the experiments are successful.

Another step which Mr Strangeways and his assistants have in mind is the establishment of a mechanical crusher that will convert city garbage into powder form. Such apparatus has been in use in England since 1908 and the authorities there have been asked to supply plans of the layout.

### FERTILISER COMPOST

When pulverised, the garbage is mixed with night soil to form a compost which has high fertilising properties. Unbreakable substances, such as tin cans, have first to be picked out from the garbage as it passes along a conveyor belt to the crusher.

At present farmers are being charged 85 cents a picul for night soil (delivered). They pay 40 cents a picul if they collect it themselves from the landing stage at Tsun Wan and only 30 cents if they unload the night soil from the government barge straight into a sampan.

Since night soil has again been available as a fertiliser

### Attlee On New Approach To Stalin

London, Feb. 15.—The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, said on Wednesday: "I do not rule out the suggestion made by Mr. Churchill to hold another Big-Three meeting to seek a truce on atomic armaments and the cold war."

Mr. Attlee said that he and Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin would discuss Mr. Churchill's proposal for a new approach to Mr. Stalin to end the world atomic arms race.

Mr. Attlee sprang the surprise statement regarding the possibility of a new meeting during his election tour in Lincoln.

He said: "Whether there would be any use in making another approach, is a matter for conversation. I do not rule out the suggestion which has been made by Mr. Churchill, but at the present moment it rests with the United Nations." He said the atom bomb is "a very difficult subject, and I cannot make any further pronouncement on it until I have talked the matter over with the Foreign Secretary."

Mr. Attlee emphasised that the atomic issue was in the hands of the United Nations, saying: "I look ahead as soon as I become Prime Minister on this topic. I went across and saw the Americans and Canadians on it. Thereafter we have been unceasingly endeavouring to bring the whole lot under the control of the United Nations.—United Press.

ALLSOPP'S LAGER

"The Best Drink under the Sun!"

CALDBECK MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

### EDITORIAL

#### New Sino-Soviet Treaty

IF and it is most unlikely the world has been given the complete terms of the alliance concluded between the Peking Government and Soviet Russia, the agreement is little more than a revision of the 1945 treaty made by Moscow and Chungking. The strictly sentimental terms are identical, but some interesting variations can be discerned in the detailed articles. Article 3 of the 1945 alliance, for example, gave an undertaking that both powers would take joint measures to prevent a repetition of aggression and violation of the peace by Japan. Article 1 in the new treaty aims at "containing new aggression by Japan, but pointedly adds, "and any foreign power or combination of powers connected with Japan, with the object of committing aggression." This is an oblique, but nonetheless obvious reference to the United States and her friends, and could be interpreted as implying a military alliance in the event of war. The terms of the agreement as revealed by Moscow Radio and Peking suggest that important concessions have been made by the Russians, with little in return. The Chinese are to have returned to them unconditionally the Manchurian Railway, and the ports of Dairen and Port Arthur "immediately on the conclusion of a Japanese peace treaty and in any case not later than 1952." There is no suggestion of strings being attached to this extremely important concession, which, in itself, makes it suspect. Russian behaviour over Manchuria since 1945 has been utterly inimical to the interests of China and there is small reason to encourage the belief that the Soviets are prepared to surrender all influence and activities in that rich mineral, industrial and agrarian area, simply because a new Chinese government indicates its willingness to toe the Kremlin line in domestic and

foreign policies. Moscow, in a separate 1945 agreement promised to respect China's sovereignty. In Manchuria, and how she failed to live up to this assurance should be a sufficient warning to the Peking regime that Russia will always hold herself free to give whatever interpretation she so desires to agreements. Russia, in the latest alliance, promises China economic credits, which is palpably a gesture intended to discourage Peking from seeking similar assistance from the Western world. Whether Russia is in a position to provide the type of economic credits which China so desperately needs today is a matter for conjecture. China requires capital goods and services for industrial and agricultural development on modern lines, and she needs them in vast quantities involving enormous credits. Russia's capacity to fulfil her economic aid promises has to be demonstrated. What China is likely to discover is that the Soviets will provide a token amount of assistance, thereby, no far as the letter of the agreement is concerned, carrying out the obligation. Strangely enough, although a delegation from Sinkiang was present in Moscow during the Mao Tse-tung and Chou En-lai talks with Soviet leaders, nothing appears in either the treaty of alliance or the annexes about the future of this province. The inference is that Mao has quietly agreed to Soviet influence in that area, sacrificing it for the doubtful rights of reacquiring the Manchurian railway and two important ports. Generally speaking the published treaty of alliance is ingenious in tone and trivial in context. The suspicion lurks that conditions of much wider implications have been imposed on Mao Tse-tung which will remain secret—at least for the time being.







# INDONESIA FINDS ONE INDEPENDENCE PROBLEM

By Arnold C. Brackman

The Littlehamptons  
Off To America  
By Osbert Lancaster



## Gardens For 1951 Festival

Special arrangements are being made to ensure that gardens make an appropriate contribution to the Festival of Britain in 1951.

It is expected that the gardens will be a great success, and that they will be a great help to the Festival of Britain in 1951.

The gardens will be a great success, and that they will be a great help to the Festival of Britain in 1951.

### PEACEFUL SETTING

The gardens will be a great success, and that they will be a great help to the Festival of Britain in 1951.

### Coastal Area Preserved

A part of the coastal area around Cumber Castle near Rye, England, which was erected by King Henry VIII as a coastal defence after the sea had receded from Winchelsea, has been preserved by a decision of Britain's Minister of Town and Country Planning as a feature of natural scientific interest.

The value of this area adjacent to the main shingle deposits of Dungeness lies chiefly in the fact that the ridges serve as an historic example of ancient coastal accretion. These ridges provide natural evidence of the physical evolution of the land. Such evidence is of great value in the study of coast-lines and weather history.

What's in a name? For one thing, plenty of confusion. Take Indonesia for example. One of the first bits of trouble to arise in Java after the transfer of sovereignty from the Dutch to the Indonesians resulted from a name.

The problem is how to spell the new name of Batavia, the capital city. Here are some current choices: Djakarta, Jacarta, Jakarta, Djacarta, Jacatra.

A foreign correspondent from a big London daily said: "Who cares? I plan to submit on my expense account 200 guilders for one round trip ticket from Djakarta to Jacarta. My only worry is that my newspaper knows in which part of the world I am lost."

After three days of indecision following a meeting of the Indonesian Ministry of Information, the name of the new capital was decided. It was Djakarta.

### NEW AGENCIES AGREE

The Dutch and Indonesian governments have agreed to set up new agencies to deal with the transfer of sovereignty from the Dutch to the Indonesians.

But whatever way you spell it, the change in Batavia's name, like the rest of the new nation, is a bit of a puzzle. The rich archipelago, emblematic more vividly the end of Dutch rule than any number of protocols and treaties.

The name Batavia goes back to the wondrous days of Jan Pieterzon Coen, founder of the Dutch East India Company.

### PRAYERS AND ORGIES

The celebration took place on March 12, 1949, in the new capital of Jakarta. The new name was chosen in honour of the Dutch East India Company, which was founded in 1602. The name was chosen in honour of the Dutch East India Company, which was founded in 1602.

Dutch rule over Batavia was interrupted only twice in the last 318 years. The first interruption came during the Napoleonic Wars, during the period 1811-1816 when Sir Thomas Stamford Raffles, later founder of Singapore, ruled Java for the British. It was during Raffles' administration that the first major liberal reforms in Indonesia's colonial history were introduced.

The year 1942 marked the second interruption when the Japanese took the Indies in almost a matter of days. Tokyo's rule over Batavia lasted until the end of the Pacific War in 1945. A British force again landed, this time to disarm the Japanese.

### BRITISH CALLED TRUCE

From 1945 until 1947, when the Dutch launched their first military campaign against the newly founded Indonesian Republic, the city fell under the joint rule of the Indonesians and the Dutch. It marked the first time in the history of the city that it was ruled by two different powers.

The end of the first Indo-Dutch War, Dutch troops seized all Republican buildings in Batavia and imprisoned most local Indonesian leaders. But Dutch rule lasted only until 1949 when the Dutch were forced to accept the independence of the Indonesian Republic. The city was then returned to the Indonesians.

## 7000-MILE JEEP TRIP FOR DATES

An expert in date culture, Mr. A. H. W. Dowson, is making his jeep 7,000 miles from London to the Somali Protectorate where he will establish experimental date plantations as a pilot scheme before developing large-scale date cultivation.

Mr. Dowson, who is travelling by jeep, is a specially fitted jeep. He does not expect any great difficulties in his drive as far as Egypt, but the northern desert of the Sudan and the wild territory towards the south of Eritrea will present problems for a single jeep.

The scheme, which is designed to produce dates for internal consumption in the Somali Protectorate, is being financed under the Colonial Development and Welfare Act, 1940. The Colonial Office in London will cost about £42,000. The plantations will be in the hot and arid coastal strip of Somaliland known as the Guban (or Guban) plain.

Dates are grown on a small scale at the moment in the territory, but imported dates figure fifth on the list of imports and account for £78,000 of the territory's imports. As dates are slow maturing, it will be some time before the main scheme is in full operation. The trees do not begin to bear any considerable quantity of fruit until they are 10 years old, and they take 20 years to reach full bearing.

### BEER BREWED WITH HONEY

A beer brewed with honey by a secret process based on old-time mead the drink of Saxons kings is proving very agreeable to North American palates since samples were exhibited at the Canadian International Trade Fair in June 1949.

This beer with the honey flavour is being manufactured in Sheffield, and has been given the name of Golden Mead Ale. Another out-of-the-ordinary brew which is being called for in American bars is Oyster Stout, also made in the United Kingdom. Somewhat sweeter in flavour than most other stouts, it has a concentrate of New Zealand oysters brewed in it. The combination of Kentish hops, English barley-malt, cane sugar and oyster extract makes it an extremely nutritious drink.

## "GUINEA PIGS" FOR ARCTIC

Eight Royal Navy volunteers will soon be spending from six to 10 days in new types of lifeboats and rafts in Arctic waters under temperatures of minus 10 to minus 15 degrees. They are part of a naval and scientific party which sailed in HMS "Truclove" from Rosyth on January 27 to carry out experiments on the ability of men to survive in very cold conditions at sea.

The party, which is commanded by Lieutenant Commander J. A. P. Thompson, is made up of eight volunteers, including four naval officers and four civilians. They will be spending from six to 10 days in new types of lifeboats and rafts in Arctic waters under temperatures of minus 10 to minus 15 degrees. They are part of a naval and scientific party which sailed in HMS "Truclove" from Rosyth on January 27 to carry out experiments on the ability of men to survive in very cold conditions at sea.

### ALL VOLUNTEERS

The party, which is commanded by Lieutenant Commander J. A. P. Thompson, is made up of eight volunteers, including four naval officers and four civilians. They will be spending from six to 10 days in new types of lifeboats and rafts in Arctic waters under temperatures of minus 10 to minus 15 degrees. They are part of a naval and scientific party which sailed in HMS "Truclove" from Rosyth on January 27 to carry out experiments on the ability of men to survive in very cold conditions at sea.

The party, which is commanded by Lieutenant Commander J. A. P. Thompson, is made up of eight volunteers, including four naval officers and four civilians. They will be spending from six to 10 days in new types of lifeboats and rafts in Arctic waters under temperatures of minus 10 to minus 15 degrees. They are part of a naval and scientific party which sailed in HMS "Truclove" from Rosyth on January 27 to carry out experiments on the ability of men to survive in very cold conditions at sea.

### WAS IN YANGTSE

P. O. Hawkey spent four hours in the sea off Harwich in November 1940 when the destroyer in which he was serving was sunk. A. B. Bartlett

# NEWS IN PICTURES



**SPORTS-MINDED PRINCE**—Crown Prince Akihito, 16, practises one of his favourite sports, archery, at the temporary palace outside Tokyo. In addition to shooting arrows, the Prince is also adept at swimming, tennis and horse-riding. He has followed a strenuous athletic programme for several years.



**BIGGEST HEEL**—On behalf of the feminine villains of the movies, actress Andrea King, in Hollywood, presents movie meanie Dan Duryea with a gold-plated heel to symbolise his selection as the "Hollywood Heel of the Year." Of course, the award concerns only his film roles, and has nothing to do with the actor's private life.



**ROCKS ON THE BEACH**—Chris London is wearing more than \$2,000,000 worth of diamonds at Miami Beach. From the fabulous collection of Rumanian Princess Eristavi-Tchichierine, the tiara alone has 550 perfectly-matched diamonds. It is obvious that the guards brandishing tommy-gun and pistols were necessary.



**PLENTY OF COFFEE IN FRANCE**—Brigitte Massin checks stocks at a wholesale coffee distributors' warehouse in Paris. Coffee was the last of the rationed items in France.



**HUNTRESS**—Sharon Saunders, a model, has arrows but no bow. The same couldn't be true, if the word were spelled bean, for anyone as pretty as Sharon.



**TO OPEN ANCIENT SCROLL**—Scientists at the Fogg Art Museum of Harvard University decided after two days of study that it was safe to open this 2000-year-old scroll. It is expected that the task will take six months to complete. Studying the historic document, which is believed to contain the oldest Old Testament text in existence, are John Coolidge, left, director of the Museum; Mar Athanasius Y. Samuel, Metropolitan of Jerusalem and Hashemite Jordan, who delivered the scroll to Harvard; and R. J. Gellens, chief of Technical Research at the Museum.

## K. O. CANNON . . . . . The Riddle of the Red Domino





# ROXY

Commencing  
TO-DAY AT  
2.30, 5.30,  
7.30 & 9.30  
P.M.

FROM 17TH TO 19TH FIVE SHOWS A DAY  
AT 12.00, 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

VIOLENCE PUTS THE TORCH TO HISTORY'S MOST  
RAVAGED AGE!

SEE! "Storming of the Citadel", "Tortures of an Era gone mad", "Escape from the Dungeon", "Siege of the Flaming Oil", "Clash of two Mighty Armies", "Pagan Feast of Conquest", "The Romance of the Ages".

## Adventure is king for a 2nd sword-slashing week!

The town is thrilling to the King of Romantic  
Epics... the Great Adventure of the Ages!

**PRINCE OF FOXES**

TYRONE, ORSON, WANQA  
**POWER WELLES HENDRIX**

Henry King - Sol C. Siegel

- Due to the Length of this Picture, the Audience are requested to come earlier than usual.
- No complimentary tickets available.

**QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA**

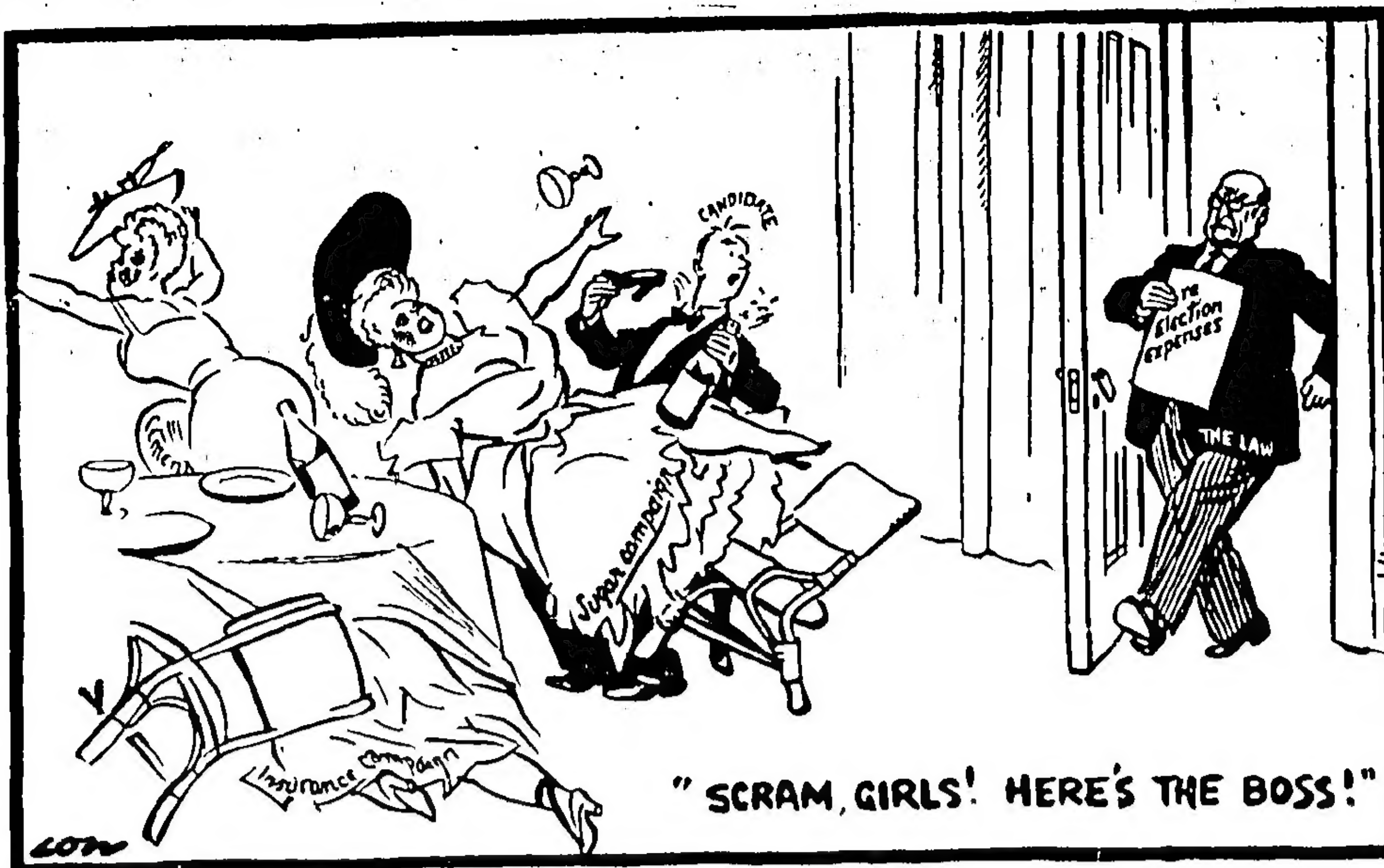
SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.50, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

WOMEN WHO TALKED MUSICAL

## Neptune's Daughter

ESTHER WILLIAMS  
RED SKELTON  
RICARDO MONTALAN  
ESTY GARNETT  
KEENAN WYNN - JAVIER COUGH

FROM TO-MORROW TO MONDAY  
5 SHOWS DAILY  
Extra Performances At 12 Noon



World Copyright. By arrangement with Evening Standard.

## Eve Perrick turns up at the RIGHT PLACE, RIGHT TIME

FOR THOSE keeping remorselessly in the swim... It's the Riviera in March. It's Paris in the Spring, Stratford-on-Avon around May. It's Ascot in June, and the South Coast mid-summer. It's the Solent for sailing at the start of August, Edinburgh for the Festival a bit later. It's the moors on The 12th. And, of course, it's Wintersporting in February...

### ON EVERYBODY'S TOES in the snow at St. Moritz

ST. MORITZ. At a private dinner party given by the MARQUIS DE FALAISE (one time husband of Constance Bennett and Gloria Swanson) the guest list included Italy's COUNT ROSSI, the Venetian Prince CONSTANTINE DE LICHTENSTEIN, American millionaire HARRY HAYES MORGAN, brother of GLORIA VANDERBILT, and LADY FURNES, the DUKE OF ALBA and his daughter and son-in-law, the DUKE and DUCHESS of MONTORO.

Incidentally, the party was given in the bowling alley in the Palace basement. Owing to the popularity of the barmaid down there, who is an expert at the game, the bowling alley is the last word in party places.

After the meal the guests in full and, as far as the women are concerned, most lavish evening dress, play the American game of bowls (similar to our skittles and recently made famous by A Streetcar Named Desire).

Novices at the game, who forget to let go of the ball, get carried along the alley in their enthusiasm. They are finding it almost as hazardous as the better-known outdoor winter sports.

### Cosy but...

MAYBE as a result of all these conspicuous absences is that St. Moritz has drawn in its horns, and instead of being expensively grandiose, it is cosy but costly.

Hundreds of visitors, where once there were thousands, have, for instance, made HANS RADRUH, proprietor of the grand hotels, give up the idea of huge gala dances in the ballroom.

Instead he has converted part of the floor space into a night club—opulent in decor, high in the price range, small and intimate in character.

St. Moritz, in other words, is more exclusive than ever.

For those who are here it has never been lovelier. Snow conditions are ideal for all the winter sports, the weather is perfect, the mountain scenery permanently breathtaking. (That goes for all the uphill climbing one must do, too.)

Where Debutts have failed to put in an appearance, the international smart set has taken over.



Like much at St. Moritz, the lady here accentuates the glamorous—this time in white lamb. These open sleeves, for example, are strictly snow-gathering, but the total effect spells St. Moritz.

when you stop anywhere, takes the middle one for his horse while he waits for you.

The way the skiers, dressed in colourful hoods and jackets, carrying their skis and poles, emerge from the funicular, so that they look like some Indian tribe about to perform a ceremonial dance with tattooed poles. When they have both light ski parties, the scene might be the title of the Ku Klux Klan in that period piece of film history, "Birth of a Nation".

The dexterity of the two stout, bald-headed Swiss musicians named ABILE and MINO, who perform customers at one of the restaurants. Their gas is to be cheeky to each other as they perform. I have seen this sort of thing done in London night clubs. Notably by TOMMY TRINDER but this pair was much more in four languages.

The photograph of the MARQUIS DE MILFORD HAYES—he was here last year—on the walls of the exclusive Corviglia Clubhouse. It shows him doing a perky walk along the landing of the terrace overlooking an uncomfortable drop of 1,000ft. or so.

The new idea in winter sports. Ski experts are now taking life and limb by fitting their skis to a helicopter and taking jumps at 70 miles an hour.

Above all, the price of everything. The fact that Switzerland has a Ministry of Planned Economy seems to make little difference.

St. Moritz is so fantastically expensive that even the Americans are complaining and wondering how the Italians, who seem to have money to burn, are doing it.

### Expensive

FOR the English, with the new rate of exchange at 12 francs to the £ instead of 17, the pre-devaluation rate, the place is almost out of bounds.

Examples: One franc (1s. 8d.) to sit on a deck chair; 3s. 4d. for a pot of hot chocolate; 3s. return fare on the funicular (a two-minute ride).

But the place is wonderful. The sporting life is grand, and every day brings new joys—not the least of which in the pleasure I get every evening at six o'clock as I take off my ski boots (in my size—5½—they must weigh about half a ton each).

Footnote: As in the days of QUEEN ALEXANDRA, it is fashionable to limp in St. Moritz.

(London Express Service)

### I observed...

FOR the first-time-here visitor to St. Moritz (which is me) these are the things one notices—

The odd-looking dress combinations worn by some of the Indians of Paris and ski boots...

The way one the sleigh-driver (you go everywhere by sleigh and no pleasant means of transport was ever invented), covers you with three rugs and,

## Astounding case of the banned film

BY CHARLES RAY

AT the height of the Palestine troubles, Hollywood planned the film "Sword in the Desert." It was completed last summer.

This film misrepresents British policy in Palestine and grossly libels the conduct and character of the British soldiers who did their duty at that time. It shows them treating civilians harshly and shooting up helpless civilians and illegal immigrants. The critic of the New York Times, Mr. Bosley Crowther, rebuked the producer, Robert Buckner, of Universal-International, for portraying the British as "stiff-necked ends."

And the climax of the film comes when the underground Jewish army blow up a British camp while the soldiers are singing carols on Christmas Eve. This is a film holiday in the heart of the notorious Mr. Hecht. And it would certainly arouse the anger and resentment of any British audience before whom it was screened.

Early this month "Sword in the Desert" was shown for the first time in Britain at a "Legal" Street cinema. But it broke out among a section of the audience. Mr. Victor Mischon, chairman of the L.C.C. Public Control Committee, says that this disturbance was caused by "Excess elements of organised hoodlumism."

What happened then? On the next day the Permanent Secretary of the Home Office Sir Frank Newson, sent urgently for the Clerk of the Council and told him that they had information that "there might be serious outbreaks at the next performance. There was a possibility of grave risk of loss of life, and the police could not be responsible for safeguarding the audience."

In these circumstances the L.C.C. ordered the withdrawal of the film, and it was not shown again. Mr. Henry spoke for the Universal International in London. Later stated that the film will not be shown anywhere else in London.

So the hoodlums have their way. They have banned the showing of "Sword in the Desert" throughout the London area. Absolutely irrespective of their views on this film as such, the public should take note that this ban represents a great victory for dark and totalitarian forces.

(London Express Service)

## The King's shirt-style sought by Americans

AMERICAN business men are bidding for deliveries of a new sports style shirt which the King has helped to design. One buyer is flying to Britain to see the shirtmaker—Mr. Jack Izod—to find out how soon the shirt can be mass-produced and exported to the U.S. at \$5 7s. 6d. each.

Mr Izod had six ready for Christmas when the Royal Family went to Sandringham. Three shirts were light blue. Three others were in fawn.

What does the shirt look like? That is the question American buyers are asking.

Mr Izod will only say that it is similar in design to the dozi—a knitted shirt he invented for tennis players and golfers 30 years ago.

But it is a distinct shape, which gives the wearer plenty of room to move quickly, he said. "The secret is in the cut for the arms, shoulders, and hips."

The shirt will be made in Scotland—the only place where there are sufficient fully fashioned frames for mass production.

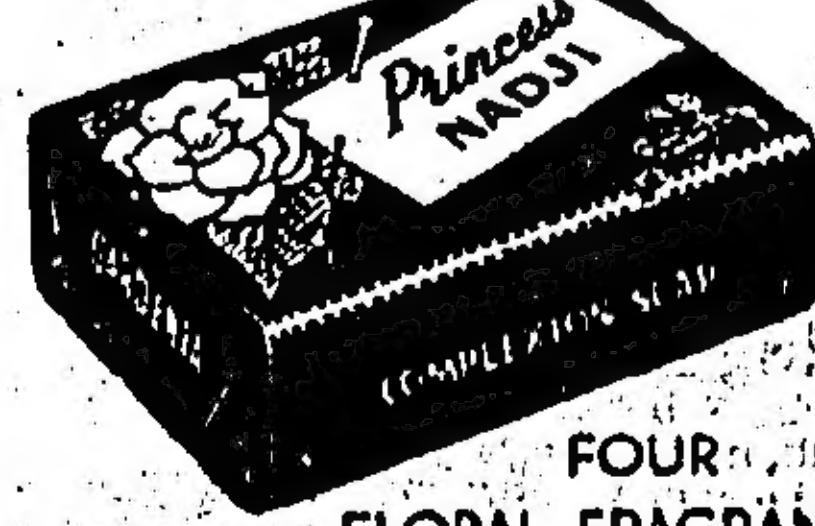
(London Express Service)

### NANCY Sweet-Heart



By Ernie Bushmiller

SOAP THAT SPELLS  
BEAUTY



FOUR...  
FLORAL FRAGRANCES

SOLE AGENTS: NAN KANG CO. (HONG KONG)



# ACHESON'S ANALYSIS OF MOSCOW PACT

## To Help Asia Stop Reds

Bangkok, Feb. 15.—United States Far Eastern diplomats announced today at the end of a three-day conference that they had considered "affirmative steps" to help Asia stop the advance of Communism.

"Specific attention was paid to fears which have been expressed by certain governments that their independence is or may be threatened by Communist attempts to overthrow the established government. The extent to which they desire American assistance was noted,"—United Press.

## WEST AND ASIA MUST STAND TOGETHER

London, Feb. 15.—The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, in a political broadcast tonight, said that there had been "fundamental changes in the Middle and Far East" changes affecting India, Ceylon, Pakistan and the creation of a new State in Indonesia.

Mr. Bevin said that the Western Hemisphere and Asia must stand together. He said that the United States and the United Kingdom were determined to stand together in the face of the new situation in the East.

## Air Search For Missing Yacht

Manila, Feb. 15.—A search for a missing yacht, the "Aurora," which was reported to have been sighted in the Philippines, is being conducted by the Philippine Navy.

The "Aurora" was reported to have been sighted in the Philippines on February 14. The yacht was last seen in the Philippines on February 14. The search is being conducted by the Philippine Navy.

The "Aurora" was reported to have been sighted in the Philippines on February 14. The search is being conducted by the Philippine Navy.

The "Aurora" was reported to have been sighted in the Philippines on February 14. The search is being conducted by the Philippine Navy.

## HITCH IN COAL BARGAINING

Washington, Feb. 15.—John Lewis and the soft coal operators remained wage contract talks today but immediately ran into trouble when Southern producers walked out and demanded a separate meeting with the Mine Union president.

Later, Moody said the Southern producers would continue to participate in joint contract talks with Lewis and other operators, but would retain their "separate identity" during negotiations.—United Press.

## The Buffs Arrive In Khartoum

Khartoum, Sudan, Feb. 15.—The First Battalion, the Buffs (Royal East Kent Regiment), has arrived in Khartoum from Hongkong. They replaced the First Battalion, the South Wales Borderers, who have gone to Eritrea.—Associated Press.

## Referendum On King Leopold

Brussels, Feb. 15.—Five and a half million Belgians of voting age will be called to the polls on March 12 to take part in a referendum on the question of provisionally called King Leopold's return to the throne. It was learned today.—Reuter.

## China's Commitments Will Develop

Washington, Feb. 15.—The Secretary of State Dean Acheson today described the Sino-Soviet treaty an exact copy of Russia's pacts with its European satellites.

At his weekly Press conference, he said the world does not know the full story of the 30-year alliance signed on Tuesday.

Mr. Acheson said it was perfectly clear that the Chinese and Soviet leaders did not spend nine weeks in Moscow merely drafting the published version of the treaty. More results of the Sino-Soviet negotiations would come out from time to time. The full story probably never will be issued in printed form, but rather will develop from the conduct of the Soviet Union over months and years.

The most important aspects of all Soviet treaties are carried in secret protocols. In this case, he said, the Russian secret protocols indicated the world's Japanese aggression. He said that the Soviet Union was not in the treaties with the European satellites.

Mr. Acheson said the important thing about the treaty was that it was a copy of Russia's pacts with its European satellites. He said that the Soviet Union was not in the treaties with the European satellites.

## ECONOMIC AID

The State Department today announced that it had approved a proposal for economic aid to the Soviet Union. The aid was to be in the form of a loan to the Soviet Union.

## Austrian Treaty Deadlock

Vienna, Feb. 15.—The Austrian State Treaty negotiations have reached a deadlock. The Austrian Government has refused to accept the Soviet Union's proposal for the treaty.

The Austrian Government has refused to accept the Soviet Union's proposal for the treaty. The negotiations have reached a deadlock.

## SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Just look how much I've lost on that diet—now I'll have to buy a new suit!"

## Soviet Response For An Election



Polling for the Russian Election will take place on March 12 and the campaign has begun with the nomination of Marshal Joseph Stalin as a candidate for the Supreme Soviet. An audience in Moscow raised their hands in unanimous support of Stalin as candidate in front of a huge portrait of him.—(London Express Service Wirephoto).

## APPROACH TO STALIN

## Idea Leaves Pres. Truman Cold

## CHURCHILL ELECTIONEERING?

Washington, Feb. 15.—The Deputy Under-Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Rusk, told Senators today that America was "prepared to discuss outstanding issues with the Soviet Union and to leave all possible doors open for an exchange of views."

But such discussions must not be a matter of "people sitting in a corner and disposing of the fate of the world," he stressed.

The State Department today announced that it had approved a proposal for economic aid to the Soviet Union. The aid was to be in the form of a loan to the Soviet Union.

The State Department today announced that it had approved a proposal for economic aid to the Soviet Union. The aid was to be in the form of a loan to the Soviet Union.

The State Department today announced that it had approved a proposal for economic aid to the Soviet Union. The aid was to be in the form of a loan to the Soviet Union.

The State Department today announced that it had approved a proposal for economic aid to the Soviet Union. The aid was to be in the form of a loan to the Soviet Union.

The State Department today announced that it had approved a proposal for economic aid to the Soviet Union. The aid was to be in the form of a loan to the Soviet Union.

## LIBERAL APPROVAL

London, Feb. 15.—The Liberal leader, Mr. Clement Davies, has issued an official statement warmly endorsing the suggestion.

Mr. Davies said that the suggestion was a "very sensible one" and that he was "glad to see it being put forward."

Mr. Davies said that the suggestion was a "very sensible one" and that he was "glad to see it being put forward."

Mr. Davies said that the suggestion was a "very sensible one" and that he was "glad to see it being put forward."

Mr. Davies said that the suggestion was a "very sensible one" and that he was "glad to see it being put forward."

Mr. Davies said that the suggestion was a "very sensible one" and that he was "glad to see it being put forward."

Mr. Davies said that the suggestion was a "very sensible one" and that he was "glad to see it being put forward."

## Joint Defence Of West Europe

Brussels, Feb. 15.—Provided the 12 Atlantic Pact nations including Belgium persevere in their present efforts to build up their joint defence system the security of the Western democracies is assured, the Belgian Defence Minister, Mr. Albert Devos, said here today in an Senate debate on the Defence Ministers Budget for 1950.

## New Bid To Settle Kashmir Issue

Kashmir, Feb. 15.—Sardar Baldev Singh, leader of the All-India Muslim League, today announced that he had received a letter from the Government of India suggesting a new bid to settle the Kashmir issue.

Sardar Singh said that he was "glad to see the Government of India taking such a step" and that he was "glad to see the Government of India taking such a step."

Sardar Singh said that he was "glad to see the Government of India taking such a step" and that he was "glad to see the Government of India taking such a step."

## Tonight's Dance At The KCC

Last minute bookings for tonight's KCC Chinese New Year dance will be accepted at the clubhouse if made by 6 o'clock this evening. Accommodation will also be found for those members who decide to attend, but have not booked tables.

One feature of tonight's gala dance will be a floor show by the Chung Wah acrobatic troupe. Dancing starts at 9 p.m., and will continue until 2 a.m. The band of HMS Jamaica will be present.

## NOW ON SALE

Bigger and Better Than Ever

1950 ISSUE

HONG KONG TRADE INDEX

BRIM-FULL OF INFORMATION

\$10 PER COPY

ORIENTAL ENTERPRISE

Room 334 Wang Hing Building, 3rd Floor. Tel. 33035.

## Baby Berlin Blockade Tightened

Berlin, Feb. 15.—Russia tightened the baby blockade of Berlin today by imposing new restrictions on canal traffic and halting an American Army passenger train for more than two hours.

They also clamped a new ban on truck traffic to the city. The new restrictions were imposed at the Berlin checkpoint between the city and the West. A spokesman for the United States High Commission said that the Russians had a "very good reason" for imposing the new restrictions.

The spokesman said that the Russians had a "very good reason" for imposing the new restrictions. He said that the Russians had a "very good reason" for imposing the new restrictions.

The spokesman said that the Russians had a "very good reason" for imposing the new restrictions. He said that the Russians had a "very good reason" for imposing the new restrictions.

The spokesman said that the Russians had a "very good reason" for imposing the new restrictions. He said that the Russians had a "very good reason" for imposing the new restrictions.

## LOOSE & COMFORT FITTINGS



NATURAL FIT FITTINGS

ARTS 雅式

同不剪裁 異各格體

7 ICE HOUSE ST.

## REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS.



DAVIE, BOAG & CO., LTD. SHOWROOM

ALEXANDRA BLDG.

TEL. 31141.

First visit to Hongkong for this occasion on the way to Manila

## TAI THEAN KEW CIRCUS

The Biggest Chinese Circus Touring The East with a Combination of all Chinese Star Artists and Performing Wild Animals.

TO-DAY 2 SHOWS 3 P.M. and 8.30 P.M. TO-MORROW CHINESE NEW YEAR 3 SHOWS AT 2.30 P.M., 6.30 P.M. AND 8.30 P.M.

Location at Chatham Road (Next to the Wireless Station opposite Kowloon Canton Railway Workshop.)

## SPECIAL FEATURES:

Trained Lions — Black Panthers — Merry Makers  
Trained Tigers — Pythons — Cyclists  
Trained Horses — Monkeys — Aerial Trapeze  
Performing Elephants — Foxes — Bears — etc.  
and Many other Daring Stunt Devils and Acrobats.

60 WELL-KNOWN CHINESE ARTISTES 60

## TAI HANG JEWELLERY

Wholesalers of CUT-DIAMONDS

and Sole Agents for

Liberty Diamond Cutting Works (Pty) Ltd.

Johannesburg, South Africa.

Bank of East Asia Bldg., 7th Floor, Room 707, Hong Kong.

Telephone 21386.











# RIOTS IN SOUTH AFRICA SEEN AS SERIOUS THREAT

Cape Town, Feb. 15.—The Witwatersrand riots were a serious threat to the safety and well-being of the country, General Jan Smuts, the South African Opposition leader, told the House of Assembly here today. He moved the adjournment of the House "on a matter of urgent public importance."

## ARMS FOUND IN DRUZE VILLAGE

Haifa, Feb. 15.—Police confiscated rifles, revolvers, ammunition and other military equipment found in a Druze Arab village on Mount Carmel, near here, today.

They hope the discovery will lead to a large gang, believed to be behind a series of armed robberies along the Israeli borders. The Druzes are an ancient and independent Arab tribe, part Christian and part Muslim, who have always taken their own course during Middle East conflicts.—Reuter

## PAASIKIVI RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT

Helsinki, Feb. 15.—President J. K. Paasikivi was re-elected President of Finland for a further six years today when the 100-member parliament elected him. He had a majority of 171.

Before the election, Paasikivi had been President since 1946. He had served as Prime Minister from 1946 to 1948.

A third round of voting was held today. Paasikivi's opponents were the Social Democrats and the Finnish People's Party.

Agreed were 63 Akes and 66 People's Democrats. The margin of 10 votes was the smallest since 1946.

## RUSSIAN MOVES

New Russian diplomatic moves are expected here, it is said, as the Soviet Union moves to replace the United States as a permanent member of the Security Council.

It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States. The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Soviet Union has been a permanent member of the Security Council since 1946. It is expected that the Soviet Union will propose a new permanent member to replace the United States.

The Speaker of the House of Assembly said that he could not accept the adjournment motion as the first item on the order paper was a discussion on part of the Appropriations Bill, under which this question could be discussed as fully as Members wished.

Under ordinary circumstances, he would have accepted the adjournment motion.

General Smuts' motion came after a statement by the Minister of Justice, Mr. J. B. M. J. van der Merwe, who said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Mr. Smuts said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion. He said that the Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

"Unless it is stopped and unless measures are taken and some very difficult and complicated measures may have to be taken—nobody can be sure of the future of South Africa," he declared.

These troubles had caused anxiety to everyone, not the least to the native people themselves because they knew they would be the principal sufferers from disorder.

There were undoubtedly elements who were playing some part in instigating this spirit of unrest, he said.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

Members of the Government had already taken steps to deal with the situation. The Government was not prepared to accept the adjournment motion.

"The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

Government spokesmen have blamed agitators for the riots, but left wing and some liberal quarters put the onus on discriminatory legislation and other measures which they say are designed to ensure the supremacy of the white man.

The House debate flared up after two nights of rioting in non-European townships on the outskirts of Johannesburg.

**Just Arrived  
REVERSIBLE  
DRUGGETS.  
FOR BEDROOMS  
AND  
HALLWAYS.  
HK\$1.50 PER SQ. FT.**

**CARPET  
INDUSTRIES**  
63, Austin Road,  
Kowloon.

**STAR**  
Phone 58335

17 Hankow Road, Kowloon  
— FINAL SHOWING —  
2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

**More Italians For  
Somaliland**  
Rome, Feb. 15.—The final departure of the 3,000 Italian troops who are taking over the Somaliland Mandate from British rule, will leave Naples on February 26, it was learned today.

About 1,200 men with their supplies are already on their way aboard three troopships.—Reuter

**BROADWAY**  
AIR CONDITIONED  
FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY  
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 and 9.30 p.m.

**THE MOST WONDERFUL  
LOVE STORY EVER FILMED!**  
David NIVEN—  
Teresa Wright in  
"ENCHANTMENT"  
Samuel Goldwyn  
Production

— Showing To-morrow —  
**CHINESE NEW YEAR  
ATTRACTION**  
FRIDAY, SATURDAY,  
SUNDAY  
5 SHOWS DAILY AT:  
12 Noon, 2.30, 5.30,  
7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

**Violence Puts the  
Torch... to History's  
Most Ravaged Age!**

**PRINCE OF FOXES**  
YIP HUI  
POWER • WELES  
HENDRIX  
Produced by SAM J. JARVIS

**TAKE ME**... starting to see that history's  
famous fun-loving message!

**FRANK SINATRA  
ESTHER WILLIAMS  
GENE KELLY  
TAKE ME Out to  
The Ball Game**

**FINAL  
4 SHOWS**

**Liberty**  
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

**GIRLS  
MEET JEAN GABIN!**  
A new type  
of thrill from  
a new kind  
of story!

**JEAN GABIN • IDA LUPINO**  
(Presented Gaiety)

**MOONTIDE**  
A new type  
of thrill from  
a new kind  
of story!

**Liberty**

**SPECIAL MORNING SHOWS  
For CHINESE NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS!**  
At 11.00 a.m. daily. At Reduced Prices.

17TH. TECHNOLOR CARTOONS  
& the World News

18TH. TECHNOLOR CARTOONS  
By Warner Bros.

19TH. TECHNOLOR CARTOONS.  
By Paramount Films.

20TH. TECHNOLOR CARTOONS  
By Universal International Films.

21ST. TECHNOLOR CARTOONS  
By 20th Century Fox Films.

**STARTS  
TO-DAY** **KING'S** **STARTS  
TO-DAY**  
PLEASE NOTE THE CHANGE OF TIMES!  
1.40, 4.30, 7.00 AND 9.45 P.M.  
FROM TO-MORROW TO MONDAY  
5 SHOWS DAILY EXTRA PERFORMANCE  
AT 11.00 A.M.

YOU OWE TO YOURSELF TO SEE "JOAN OF ARC,"  
THE KIND OF PICTURE THAT COMES ONCE IN A  
LIFETIME.

**JOAN  
OF  
ARC**  
INGRID  
**BERGMAN**  
A VICTOR FLEMING PRODUCTION  
COLOR BY TECHNICOLOR  
CAST OF THOUSANDS  
Produced by  
**WALTER WANGER • VICTOR FLEMING**

**Cathay**  
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

YOU'LL FIND ADVENTURE... ROMANCE...  
EXCITEMENT... ACTION... SPECTACLE...  
AND THRILLS WHEN YOU SEE  
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, JR., in  
"SINBAD the SAILOR"  
with MAUREEN O'HARA • WALTER SLEZAK  
COLOR BY TECHNICOLOR